:	Attorneys for Plaintiffs DANIEL CALICHMAN and THEOTHOROS CHRONOPOULOS	CONFORMED COPY OF ORIGINAL FILED Los Angeles Superior Court MAY 28 2013 John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk By Deputy DAWN ALEXANDER
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9	ll .	F THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10	FOR THE COUNTY OF LO	S ANGELES - CENTRAL DISTRICT
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12	DANIEL CALICHMAN and THEOTHOROS CHRONOPOULOS,	Case No. BC 510075
13	Plaintiffs,) COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES:
14 15	v. CHIVAS USA SOCCER LLC, a limited liability company; CHIVAS USA ENTERPRISES LLC, a limited liability lia) (1) DISCRIMINATION BASED ON NATIONAL ORIGIN, ETHNICITY AND RACE [Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.]
16 17 18	EDUCATION, LLC, a limited liability company; INSPERITY, INC., a corporation, INSPERITY BUSINESS SERVICES, L.P., a limited partnership or other business antity.) (2) HARASSMENT BASED ON) NATIONAL ORIGIN, ETHNICITY AND RACE [Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(j), et seq.]
19 20 21	and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, Defendants.	(3) FAILURE TO TAKE ALL REASONABLE STEPS TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT [Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(k)]
22		(4) RETALIATION
23		[Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h)]
24		(5) WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY
25		(6) INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
26 27		(7) NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
28		DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY
· -	Com-1-1	1
	Complaint	t for Damages

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Plaintiffs DANIEL CALICHMAN ("MR. CALICHMAN") and THEOTHOROS CHRONOPOULOS (hereinafter "MR. CHRONOPOULOS"), collectively referred to as "PLAINTIFFS", as individuals, complain and allege as follows:

In this action, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, both of 1. whom are former MLS professional soccer players and former members of the U.S. National Soccer Team, allege, among other things, that they were unlawfully terminated from their positions as coaches for MLS franchise Chivas USA because they were neither Mexican nor Latino. They allege that the defendants - their employers and the entities who own and control Chivas USA - fired them as part of an ethnocentric policy and practice of discriminating against and terminating non-Mexican and non-Latino employees in violation of the anti-discrimination and anti-harassment laws of the State of California (codified at California Gov't Code §§ 12940, et seq.). Specifically, the defendants, at the behest of Chivas USA's new sole owner, Jorge Vergara, sought to import and implement similar discriminatory employment practices to those practiced by Chivas de Guadalajara - a professional Mexican soccer team that systematically refuses to field any non-Mexican individuals. Rather than base their employment decisions solely on considerations of merit or skill as do all other MLS franchises - Chivas USA management unlawfully makes personnel decisions on the basis of ethnicity and national origin. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, both of whom performed their coaching duties in an exemplary manner, were suspended in January 2013 and terminated in March 2013. In explaining the actions, Chivas USA President, Jose David, informed them that Chivas USA was going back to its Mexican roots - a sentiment echoed by Jorge Vergara, who brazenly pronounced, "If you don't speak Spanish, you can go work for the Galaxy."

Defendants' effort to cull and eliminate non-Mexican and non-Latino 2. employees, while perhaps acceptable in Mexico, constitutes a violation of both California and Federal law, which mandate that employers make employment decisions – including hiring and firing – without regard to an individual's national origin, ethnicity or race. By this action, MR.

CALICIIMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS challenge defendants' conduct and seek to secure all legal remedies and relief to which they may be entitled, as to be determined by a Court and/or a jury.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. The Court has personal jurisdiction over the defendants because they are residents of and/or are doing business in the State of California.
- 4. Venue is proper in this County in accordance with Section 395(a) of the California Code of Civil Procedure because the defendants, or some of them, reside in this County, and the injuries alleged herein occurred in this County. In the alternative, venue is appropriate in this County in accordance with Section 395(a) and Section 395.5 of the California Code of Civil Procedure because defendants and PLAINTIFFS contracted to perform their obligations in this County, the contract was entered into in this County, and because the liability, obligation and breach occurred within this County. Venue is further appropriate in this county in accordance with Section 12965(b) of the California Government Code because the unlawful practices alleged by PLAINTIFFS in violation of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act [Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12940, et seq.] were committed in this county.

PARTIES

- 5. MR. CALICHMAN is a Caucasian, non-Latino, American individual who resides and, at all relevant times during the events alleged herein, resided in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. MR. CALICHMAN is a former professional soccer player, who played in the Major League Soccer ("MLS") league and also played for the U.S. National team.
 - 6. MR. CHRONOPOULOS is a Caucasian, non-Latino, American individual,

who resides and, at all relevant times during the events alleged herein, resided in the County of San Bernardino, State of California. MR. CHRONOPOULOS is a former professional soccer player, who played in the MLS and also played for the U.S. National team.

- 7. The rights to relief asserted by PLAINTIFFS, as alleged herein, arise form the same transaction or series of transactions.
- 8. PLAINTIFFS are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that defendants CHIVAS USA SOCCER LLC, CHIVAS USA ENTERPRISES LLC, CHIVAS USA FUTBOL EDUCATION LLC, INSPERITY, INC., INSPERITY BUSINESS SERVICES, L.P., and DOES 1 through 25 are and, at all times mentioned herein, were a limited liability companies, corporations and/or other business entities qualified to and doing business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. PLAINTIFFS are further informed and believe, and thereon allege, that said defendants are and were, at all relevant times mentioned herein, "employer[s]" within the meaning of Sections 12926(d) and 12940(j)(4)(A) of the California Government Code.
- 9. PLAINTIFFS are informed and believe, and thereon alleges, that defendants CHIVAS USA SOCCER LLC, CHIVAS USA ENTERPRISES LLC, and CHIVAS USA FUTBOL EDUCATION LLC (hereinafter collectively referred to as "CHIVAS USA") are, together, an integrated enterprise, containing, among other things, interrelation of operations, common management and centralized control of labor relations.
- 10. PLAINTIFFS are informed and believe, and thereon alleges, that defendants INSPERITY, INC. and INSPERITY BUSINESS SERVICES, L.P. (hereinafter collectively referred to as "INSPERITY") are, together, an integrated enterprise, containing, among other things, interrelation of operations, common management and centralized control of labor relations.

- 11. PLAINTIFFS are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that defendants CHIVAS USA and INSPERITY are joint employers.
- 12. The true names and capacities, whether corporate, associate, individual or otherwise of defendants DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, are unknown to PLAINTIFFS, who therefore sues said defendants by such fictitious names. Each of the defendants designated herein as a DOE is negligently or otherwise legally responsible in some manner for the events and happenings herein referred to and caused injuries and damages proximately thereby to PLAINTIFFS, as herein alleged. PLAINTIFFS will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to show their names and capacities when the same have been ascertained.
- 13. At all times herein mentioned, defendants, and each of them, were the agents, representatives, employees, successors and/or assigns, each of the other, and at all times pertinent hereto were acting within the course and scope of their authority as such agents, representatives, employees, successors and/or assigns and acting on behalf of, under the authority of, and subject to the control of each other.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

A. C.D. Chivas de Guadalajara and its "Mexican-Only" Policy

- 14. Club Deportivo ("C.D.") Guadalajara is a professional soccer franchise located in Guadalajara, Mexico. Founded in 1904, the team is commonly known as "Chivas" or "Chivas de Guadalajara," and has a long history both in Mexican and international competition and tournament play.
 - 15. Since 1908, "Chivas" has implemented and followed a discriminatory

employment policy and practice by which it only hires and fields Mexican-born players and/or players of Mexican descent. Any player who is not qualified to play for the Mexican National team is excluded from consideration for hire at Chivas. This "Mexican-only" policy — which the team continues to follow today — would be *per se* illegal in the United States or California and stands in stark contrast to most professional teams around the world, which generally attempt to field the most talented players, regardless of their country of origin. As a recent well-known example, world famous soccer star David Beckham, of England, was hired by the Los Angeles Galaxy between 2007 and 2012 despite the fact that, under FIFA rules, he is precluded from playing for the U.S. National team. Similarly, Mr. Beckham also played for a time with Real Madrid despite the fact that he would not have been qualified to play on the Spanish National team.

B. C.D. Chivas de Guadalajara is Purchased by Jorge Vergara Madrigal

16. On October 31, 2002, Chivas de Guadalajara was acquired by Jorge Vergara Madrigal. Mr. Vergara is a successful Mexican business magnate, who founded a well-known dietary supplement company called Omnilife and owns extensive real estate holdings, a film production company and a fleet of private jets, among other holdings and acquisitions. Despite the change in ownership, Mr. Vergara maintained Chivas' "Mexican-only" hiring policy.

17. Within a few years of acquiring Chivas de Guadalajara, Mr. Vergara made plans to expand the Chivas brand by establishing a professional Chivas soccer franchise in the United States and, specifically, in Southern California.

C. Mr. Vergara and His Business Partners Establish CHIVAS USA

18. In or about 2004, Mr. Vergara and two business partners, Antonio and Lorenzo Cue, through CHIVAS USA, founded the C.D. Chivas USA ("Chivas USA") soccer franchise. In 2005, Chivas USA began playing and competing in the professional Major League

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Soccer ("MLS") league. Chivas USA plays its games at the Home Depot Center in Carson, California – a venue it shares with the MLS champion Los Angeles Galaxy.

19. As an employer in the United States and in the State of California, CHIVAS USA, unlike Chivas de Guadalajara in Mexico, is subject to the California Fair Employment and Housing Act and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act and is prohibited from discriminating against employees and applicants on the basis of, *inter alia*, race, national origin and ethnicity.

D. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS Commence Employment with CHIVAS USA and INSPERITY

As with Chivas de Guadalajara, CHIVAS USA owns and operates a soccer 20. development program called the Chivas USA Youth Academy ("Academy"), which is purportedly designed to identify and develop future players for the Chivas USA professional team (also known as the Chivas USA "First Team"). The Chivas USA Academy has several teams, arranged by age, that compete against other academy teams. Although the structure of the Academy undergoes minor changes from time to time, it is generally structured as follows: The youngest level is Under 8 to Under 11 ("U8 to U11") team, or "Juniors," which includes players between the ages of 8 and 11. Next is the Under 12 to Under 13 ("U12 to U13"), which includes players between 11 and 13. Next is the Under 14 to Under 15 ("U14 to U15") team, which includes players between the ages of 13 and 15. All these teams compete in the Southern California Development League. The next level is the Under 16 ("U16") team, which includes players between the ages of 15 and 16, followed by the Under 18 ("U18") team, which includes players between the ages of 17 and 18. These two teams compete in a national league run by US Soccer, which is the governing body of the United States. Finally, there are the Reserves and, then, the First (or professional level) Team, which competes against other professional soccer franchises in the MLS.

. Mr. Vergara Buys Out His CHIVAS USA Partners and – in an Effort to Mirror the Discriminatory Hiring Practices of Chivas de Guadalajara – Begins to Systematically Discriminate Against Non-Latino Employees, Creating a Hostile and Intimidating Work Environment Based on National Origin, Ethnicity and Race.

- 24. In or about August 2012, Jorge Vergara acquired the 50% ownership interest of his business partners and became (along with his wife, Angelica Fuentes) the sole owner of the Chivas USA team and, thus, assumed full and complete control of the CHIVAS USA entities.
- undertook a systemic effort to reverse what he perceived as the "Americanization" of CHIVAS USA and to implement a discriminatory employment policy similar to the ethnocentric "Mexican only" policy that exists at Chivas de Guadalajara. Mr. Vergara's discriminatory design included, without limitation, replacing players and staff who had no Mexican or Latino heritage with those who did have Mexican or Latino heritage or who, at a minimum, had some connection to Mexico (for example, being married to a Mexican spouse). As Mr. Vergara was quoted in the press, "This is the return of the prodigal son . . . From its inauguration, the plan was to make Chivas USA the son of Chivas de Guadalajara. Along the way it got away from that and the clubs suffered a divorce in philosophy and structure."
- 26. In carrying out CHIVAS USA's discriminatory practice and design, Mr. Vergara installed Mexican individuals in virtually all of the highest management and executive positions at CHIVAS USA. José David, a Mexican national, was hired as President. He appointed José Luis Real, a Mexican national, to be in charge of all CHIVAS USA's soccer operations (including, without limitation, supervision of coaching staff, players and the Youth Academy). And, he hired another Mexican José Luis Sanchéz Solá (known familiarly by his nickname, "El Chelis") as the Head Coach of the First Team. Recently, he installed Juan Francisco Palencia, yet another native of Mexico, as Director of Soccer.

27. Upon his hire as Head Coach of the First Team, José Luis Sanchéz Solá ("El Chelis") brazenly confirmed the new discriminatory practice. As he was quoted at the time, "We need to win games because we have won very little and we need to bring Mexican players, Chivas players, make them believe and bring that, that in the last eight, nine years, Chivas USA has not been able to do . . . The team does not have an identity and, up until today, has been flavorless. And that's what motivated me to accept (the job)."

- 28. In short, Mr. Vergara uniformly installed Mexican individuals in the positions of Head Coach, President and Director of Soccer.
- 29. On or about November 8, 2012, MR. CHRONOPOULOS met with CHIVAS USA's President, Jose David. MR. CHRONOPOULOS told Mr. David that there were rumors circulating throughout the organization that the Chivas USA staff, including the Academy staff, was going to be let go and replaced by Mexican-American employees, and that CHIVAS USA, including the Academy, was only going to recruit Mexican-American players. When MR. CHRONOPOULOS asked Mr. David whether the rumors were true, Mr. David evaded the question and did not respond.
- highest ranking senior executive at CHIVAS USA called a mandatory meeting of all employees, including plaintiff MR. CHRONOPOULOS. At the meeting, Mr. Vergara intentionally humiliated all employees who were neither Mexican nor Latino. Mr. Vergara brazenly announced that all non-Spanish speaking employees would be fired. He asked, publicly, for those employees who were able to speak Spanish to raise their hands (he initially asked the question in Spanish and then repeated it in English). He then asked employees who spoke English to raise their hands. After publicly identifying those employees who did not speak Spanish, he announced that those employees who did not speak Spanish would no longer be able to work at CHIVAS USA. As he further stated, "If you don't speak Spanish, you can go work for the Galaxy, unless you speak Chinese, which is not even a language." Mr. Vergara's conduct was offensive, it confirmed the existence of a hostile,

CHRONOPOULOS, during the Winter Break (December 20th to January 6th), to collect ethnic and

USA President and Chief Business Officer, Jose David. Mr. David directed MR.

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national origin data pertaining to all Chivas Academy players *and their parents*. When the requests for this information were sent to the parents, many of them were offended and refused to provide it and at least one parent (Mr. Morris) complained that he felt he was being discriminated against and was fearful that his son would not be allowed in the Academy.

MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS Lodge Complaints of Harassment and Discrimination (both Internally and with the DFEH) and are Placed on Suspension While CHIVAS USA Allegedly Conducts an "Investigation."

35. On or about Friday, January 11, 2013, upon returning from the Winter Break, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS – convinced that they were amongst the targets of CHIVAS USA's discriminatory design and that their employment was in jeopardy – personally submitted written complaints of discrimination and harassment to CHIVAS USA's Human Resources Manager, Cynthia Craig.

36. Later in the day on January 11, 2013, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS received emails from CHIVAS USA's Human Resources Manager, Cynthia Craig, summoning them to meet with her on Monday, January 14, 2013. MR. CALICHMAN's meeting was scheduled for 11:00 a.m.; MR. CHRONOPOULOS's meeting was scheduled for 1:30 p.m.

37. At 11:00 a.m. on January 14, 2013, MR. CALICHMAN arrived at the CHIVAS USA offices to attend the meeting with Ms. Craig. When he arrived, however, Ms. Craig notified him that CHIVAS USA's President and Chief Business Officer, Jose David, would also be attending the meeting. She also stated that the meeting would be delayed for approximately an hour and that MR. CALICHMAN would have to wait. According to Ms. Craig, the delay was due the fact that she and Mr. David had spent all morning conferring with CHIVAS USA's employment lawyers.

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At approximately 12:15 p.m. on January 14, 2013, MR. CALICHMAN was 38. finally called into the meeting with Mr. David and Ms. Craig. Mr. David asked MR. CALICHMAN what he would like to discuss. Perplexed, MR. CALICHMAN responded that it was Mr. David and Ms. Craig who called the meeting and, thus, that he presumed that it was they who wanted to discuss something. Mr. David then commenced speaking at length about the Mexican "culture" of Chivas and how the team needed to get back to its roots. Ms. Craig abruptly interrupted him and, as if Mr. David had forgotten the agenda and script set by and practiced with CHIVAS USA's employment lawyers, told MR. CALICHMAN that the meeting was about his complaint that he had submitted to her on Friday, January 11th. Ms. Craig assured MR. CALICHMAN that CHIVAS USA was going to conduct a "full investigation" into MR. CALICHMAN's allegation of discrimination and harassment. Mr. David then, in a perfunctory and mechanical manner, said he was sorry for Mr. Vergara's comments at the November 12, 2012 meeting. MR. CALICHMAN asked why CHIVAS USA had not apologized for or disavowed Mr. Vergara's comments earlier. Indeed, CHIVAS USA had done nothing since the November 12th meeting to reassure the employees, coaching staff and players that employment decisions would be made without regard to race, national origin or ethnicity.

39. To MR. CALICHMAN's shock and surprise, Mr. David, in response, not only failed to disavow the discriminatory plans implemented and expressed by Mr. Vergara; he confirmed them. Mr. David returned to his discussion of culture and ethnicity. He told MR. CALICHMAN that he (Mr. David) and Mr. Vergara were taking the team "back to its Mexican roots." MR. CALICHMAN asked Mr. David if he could please repeat what he said. Mr. David repeated that it was important for the team to "go back to its Mexican roots." MR. CALICHMAN replied that neither his name nor MR. CHRONOPOULOS' name sounded Mexican. An brief and awkward silence ensued, after which Mr. David sighed and, acknowledging that MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS were not part of the effort to take the team back to its Mexican roots, nodded his head in affirmation.

40. After Mr. David verified that MR. CALICHMAN was not part of the organization's plan to take the team back to its roots, MR. CALICHMAN told Mr. David and Ms. Craig that he loved coaching his Academy team and that it seemed absurd to be firing him in the middle of the season. He reminded them that his U18 Academy Team – the team that he coached – had done very well since he took the position. Ms. Craig responded, "We know you're an excellent coach," but told him that the organization was "moving in a different direction." She told MR. CALICHMAN that he was not being fired; instead, she began cryptically referring to "options," and asked MR. CALICHMAN whether he would consider resigning with a severance package. MR. CALICHMAN replied that it had been a very stressful time for him and his family and that he was not in a position to discuss it right then and there. Mr. David and Ms. Craig stated that they would "put something together" for him to consider. Even though he was told he was not being fired, MR. CALICHMAN was told not to return to his coaching duties.

CHRONOPOULOS arrived for his meeting with Ms. Craig. He was likewise told that Mr. David would also be attending and that she and Mr. David had been conferring with CHIVAS USA's employment lawyers. When the meeting began, Mr. David announced that CHIVAS USA was going to "mirror" the Chivas Mexico organization by hiring Mexican-born and Mexican-American coaches in the Academy and by recruiting Mexican born and Mexican-American players for the Academy and First Team. As Mr. David explained, "We are going back to our roots." In response, MR. CHRONOPOULOS asked if he was being fired. Ms. Craig responded, "No; you are not being fired," but cryptically added, "We will be sending you some options in a few days." Mr. David, however, interrupted and announced that they would send him some options by the very next day. Despite being told he was not being fired, he was also told not to return to his coaching duties. Ms. Craig and Mr. David assured MR. CHRONOPOULOS that the actions being taken against him by CHIVAS USA had nothing to do with his work performance.

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On February 14, 2013, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, in a 47. joint email to Cynthia Craig, stated that more than a month had elapsed since they lodged their harassment and discrimination complaints, and asked to be informed of the results of the investigation. They also asked when they could expect to return to work. As they stated in the email:

> "On January 11, 2013, as you know, we submitted complaints to you that we were being discriminated against and harassed, and that Chivas' owner, Jose Vergara, not only approved of the discrimination

> and harassment but that he was directly involved in it. Since January

11th, we have been placed on some kind of probation, have been

stripped of our job duties, and told not to return to work. We have

repeatedly asked when the probation would be over and when we

could return to our jobs. However, we have not received an answer.

We're being treated as if we're the ones who did something wrong.

Chivas' harassment and discrimination policy states that, upon

receiving a complaint, the company will conduct a 'prompt and

thorough' investigation. It has now been over a month since we

initially complained. Chivas is not living up to its own promise to act

promptly. We ask that we immediately be informed of the results of

any investigation that has been conducted with respect to our

complaints and what action has been taken to make sure that the

harassment and discrimination will end. We also ask, again, that you

let us know when we can return to our jobs."

Despite their requests, neither CHIVAS USA nor INSPERITY 48. have informed MR. CALICHMAN or MR. CHRONOPOULOS whether the investigation has been

On the basis thereof, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that CHIVAS USA and INSPERITY ether failed to conduct an investigation at all or, in the alternative, failed to conduct and adequate and prompt investigation.

G. On March 7, 2013, CHIVAS USA Fires MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS.

identically worded letters from CHIVAS USA President and Chief Business Officer, Jose David, notifying them that their employment was being terminated effective the next day, March 8, 2013. Two months had now elapsed since they had lodged their complaints of harassment and discrimination with CHIVAS USA's Human Resources Department. Although Mr. David, in his letter, asserted that CHIVAS USA had been conducting an investigation into their complaints (he refers to it as the "entire investigation process"), the letter is conspicuously silent as to whether the investigation had been concluded or what the conclusions of the investigation were. Moreover, in further retaliation for their complaints, Mr. David falsely and maliciously accused them of, among other things "demonstat[ing] unprofessional conduct that created an unsafe work environment." Underscoring the pretextual and false nature of his accusations, Mr. David provided no explanation whatsoever as to how they allegedly created an unsafe work environment.

50. Since Mr. Vergara became the sole owner of CHIVAS USA, the organization has culled and virtually eliminated all non-Latino employees from the CHIVAS USA Academy. Indeed, in the short time that has elapsed since Mr. Vergara took sole control, approximately 7 non-Latino Academy employees, including MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, have been terminated. In contrast, no Latino employees have been terminated. By contrast, CHIVAS USA has, since Mr. Vergara took sole control, hired a disproportionately high number of Mexican and/or Latino employees.

51. Since Mr. Vergara became the sole owner of CHIVAS USA, the organization has culled virtually all non-Latino players from its First Team roster and has, almost uniformly, replaced them with Latino players. According to the Los Angeles Times, in an article by Kevin Baxter on March 1, 2013:

"He [Vergara] also remade the roster, ridding the team of 14 players and bringing in 11 new ones who have never played in MLS. New Chivas Manager Jose Luis Sanchez Sola says the moves were made for soccer reasons and not based on ethnicity. But just one of the 14 players cut loose has Mexican nationality while 10 of the additions are either Mexican-born or have Mexican parents, making them eligible to compete for both Chivas USA and Chivas de Guadalajara, which has never used a non-Mexican player in its 107 years."

52. Among those players who have been released or traded (in some cases, for as little as a second-round draft pick in the 2015 Supplemental Draft) are James Riley, Ben Zemanski, Casey Townsend and even eight-time MLS All-Star, Shalrie Joseph. By contrast, CHIVAS USA has acquired a disproportionately high number of Mexican, Mexican-American and Latino players. On January 22, 2013, for example, CHIVAS USA announced that it acquired Eric Avila from the Colorado Rapids in exchange for Nick LaBrocca. In the introductory line of its press release announcing the trade, CHIVAS USA touted Eric Avila as a "Mexican American." ("Chivas USA announced today that the club has acquired Mexican-American midfielder Eric Avila in a trade with the Colorado Rapids in exchange for midfielder Nick LaBrocca."). On February 22, 2013, CHIVAS USA announced that it had acquired three Mexican players from Chivas de Guadalajara – Edgar "El Chore" Mejía, defender Mario de Luna and forward Giovani Casillas. On May 20, 2013, CHIVAS USA announced that it acquired Gabriel Farfan, who has previously played for a team in Mexico and who has expressed his desire to play professionally in Mexico in the future.

approved of, and knew or should have known of the unlawful harassing conduct, failed to take immediate and appropriate corrective action and otherwise failed to abide by their statutory duty to take all reasonable steps to prevent harassment from occurring. The harassment was sufficiently pervasive or severe as to alter the conditions of MR. CALICHMAN's and MR. CHRONOPOULOS' employment and to create a hostile, intimidating and/or abusive work environment.

By the aforesaid acts and omissions of defendants, and each of them, MR. 63. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, attorneys' fees, costs of suit and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained.

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As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of defendants, and 64. each of them, as aforesaid, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been caused to and did suffer and continue to suffer severe emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, discomfort, anxiety, and related symptoms. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS does not know at this time the exact duration or permanence of said injuries, but are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that some if not all of the injuries are reasonably certain to be permanent in character.

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MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS are informed and believe. 65. and thereon allege, that the defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the aforementioned acts and/or in authorizing and/or ratifying such acts, engaged in wilful, malicious, intentional, oppressive and despicable conduct, and acted with wilful and conscious disregard of the rights, welfare and safety of MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, thereby justifying the award of punitive and exemplary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

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FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY

(Against All Defendants)

MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS reallege and incorporate by 79. reference paragraphs 1 through 78, as though set forth in full.

As alleged herein, and in violation of public policy, defendants, and each of 80. them, terminated MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS from their employment and subjected them to a hostile environment because of their national origin, ethnicity and/or race and because they complained about otherwise opposed such practices. By doing so, defendants violated the fundamental public policies of the State of California, as embodied in Sections 12940, et. seq., of the California Government Code; Section 51, et seq., of the California Civil Code; Article I, Section 8 of the California Constitution; and other California statutes, regulations and constitutional provisions.

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By the aforesaid acts and omissions of defendants, and each of them, MR. 81. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, attorneys' fees, costs of suit and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained.

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As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of defendants, and 82. each of them, as aforesaid, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been caused to and did suffer and continue to suffer severe emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, discomfort, anxiety, and related symptoms. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS does not know at this time the exact duration or

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1	permanence of said injuries, but are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that some if not all of		
2	the injuries are reasonably certain to be permanent in character.		
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4	83. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS are informed and believe,		
5	and thereon allege, that the defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the aforementioned acts		
6	and/or in authorizing and/or ratifying such acts, engaged in wilful, malicious, intentional, oppressive		
7	and despicable conduct, and acted with wilful and conscious disregard of the rights, welfare and		
8	safety of MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, thereby justifying the award of punitive		
9	and exemplary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.		
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11	84. As a result of defendants' conduct as alleged herein, MR. CALICHMAN and		
12	MR. CHRONOPOULOS is entitled to reasonable attorneys fees and costs of suit as provided in		
13	Section 1021.5 of the California Civil Procedure Code.		
14			
15	SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION		
16	INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS		
17	(Against all Defendants)		
18			
19	85. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS reallege and incorporate by		
20	reference paragraphs 1 through 84, as though set forth in full.		
21			
22	86. Defendants' conduct as described above was extreme and outrageous and was		
23	done with the intent of causing MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS to suffer		
24	emotional distress or with reckless disregard as to whether their conduct would cause him to suffer		
25	such distress.		
26			
27	87. By the aforesaid acts and omissions of defendants, and each of them, MR.		
28	CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been directly and legally caused to suffer actual		
	Complaint for Damages		
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damages including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, attorneys' fees, costs of suit and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained. 88. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of defendants, and
88. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of defendants, and
each of them, as aforesaid, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been caused to
and did suffer and continue to suffer severe emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation,
embarrassment, fright, shock, discomfort, anxiety, and related symptoms. The exact nature and
extent of said injuries is presently unknown to MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS.
MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS does not know at this time the exact duration or
permanence of said injuries, but are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that some if not all of
the injuries are reasonably certain to be permanent in character.
89. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS are informed and believe,
and thereon allege, that the defendants, and each of them, by engaging in the aforementioned acts
and/or in authorizing and/or ratifying such acts, engaged in wilful, malicious, intentional, oppressive
and despicable conduct, and acted with wilful and conscious disregard of the rights, welfare and
safety of MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS, thereby justifying the award of punitive
and exemplary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.
SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
(Against All Defendants)
90. MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS reallege and incorporate by
reference paragraphs 1 through 89, as though set forth in full.
91. In the alternative, defendants breached their duty of care owed to MR.
CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS to protect them from foreseeable harm. Their conduct,
27 Complaint for Damages

1	as alleged above, was done in a careless or negligent manner, without consideration for the effect of
2	such conduct upon MR. CALICHMAN's and MR. CHRONOPOULOS' emotional well-being.
3	
4	92. By the aforesaid acts and omissions of defendants, and each of them, MR.
5	CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been directly and legally caused to suffer actual
6	damages including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, attorneys' fees,
7	costs of suit and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained.
8	
9	93. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of defendants, and
10	each of them, as aforesaid, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS have been caused to
11	and did suffer and continue to suffer severe emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation,
12	embarrassment, fright, shock, discomfort, anxiety, and related symptoms. The exact nature and
13	extent of said injuries is presently unknown to MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS.
14	MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS does not know at this time the exact duration or
15	permanence of said injuries, but are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that some if not all of
16	the injuries are reasonably certain to be permanent in character.
17	
18	
19	
20	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
21	WHEREFORE, MR. CALICHMAN and MR. CHRONOPOULOS pray for judgment against
22	defendants as follows:
23	1. General damages in an amount to be proved at trial;
24	2. Special damages in an amount to be proved at trial;
25	3. Punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish defendants and to make
26	an example of defendants to the community;
27	4. Reasonable attorneys' fees;
28	5. Costs of suit;
	Complaint for Damages

1		6.	Interest;	
2		7.	For such other re	elief as the Court deems proper.
3				
4	DATED:	May	28, 2013	HELMER • FRIEDMAN, LLP
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6				By: Gregory D. Helmer
7				
8				Attorneys for Plaintiffs DANIEL CALICHMAN and THEOTHOROS CHRONOPOULOS
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11				
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14			<u>PLAINTIFI</u>	FS' DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
15		Plaiı	ntiffs DANIEL CAI	LICHMAN and THEOTOROS CHRONOPOULOS
- 1				
16	hereby dema		ial by jury.	
16 17	hereby dema		ial by jury.	
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17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		ind a tri		By: Gregory D. Helmer Attorneys for Plaintiffs DANIEL CALICHMAN and